EYFS Progression of Skills & Curriculum Overview 2022-23

Area of Learning	What makes me special?	How is our world changing?	Who makes a difference in our lives?	How can we care for ourselves and other living things?	How do we investigate our world?	How can we find beauty in our wonderful world?
Focus Text	Goldilocks and the Three Bears Super Duper You	The Gingerbread Man Leaf Man	Elves and the Shoe Maker Supertato	The Little Gardner Tadpole's Promise	3 little pigs The Marvellous Moon Map	Somebody Swallowed Stanley We're Going on a Bear Hunt
Enrichment Activities	Fire service Head, cooks, caretaker, cleaners to visit and talk to the children (history - chronology - timeline)	Bonfire Night Diwali Christmas Remembrance Day Autumn sensory walk (seasons, geography)	Police into school Oral health Healthy diet and exercise Bus history - past and present - The Naughty Bus Chinese New Year	Drawing natural objects Planting and growing - plants and vegetables into the outdoor area Spring Grow a sunflower Weather maps Easter Chicks/caterpillars/tadpoles Dentist/Dental health	Materials and their properties - using natural materials to build houses Floating and sinking - making boats (Bulwell Bogs - testing) Map making	Environment sustainability - Junk Modelling Transition Geography - Maps Seaside Trip - coasts
Communication and Language is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, circle times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, Helicopter Stories and Tapestry	Listening, Attention and Understanding Children will be able to understand how to listen carefully and know why it is important. Speaking Children will talk in front of small groups and their teacher offering their own ideas.	Listening, Attention and Understanding To listen to different sounds from objects, including repeated patterns of sounds. To understand how and why questions Speaking Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Express their thoughts about the environment and seasonal change.	Listening, Attention and Understanding Showing an understand of a broader vocabulary. Speaking Starting to use more appropriate language, structure and a variety of vocabulary.	Listening, Attention and Understanding Initiates conversation and interactions with others. Shows an understanding of more complex questions. Speaking Uses more complex vocabulary and newly learnt vocabulary.	Listening, Attention and Understanding Begins to express own opinions and offer explanations to justify them. Speaking Uses talk for a range of purposes. Beginning to articulate own thoughts, using a range of language.	Listening, Attention and Understanding Engages in back-and-forth exchanges with peers and adults. Responds with relevant comments to questions that have been asked. Listens to whole class discussions. Speaking Takes part in small group and whole class discussions. Uses full sentences and uses a range of tenses and conjunctions, with some modelling from teacher.
Time.	comments about what they have hear Speaking: Participate in small group, o	d and ask questions to clarify their unde class and one-to-one discussions, offering	erstanding. Hold conversation when engoing their own ideas, using recently introd	omments and actions when being read to aged in back-and-forth exchanges with the uced vocabulary. Offer explanations for sing full sentences, including use of past	their teacher and peers. why things might happen, making use o	
Personal, Social and	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation
Emotional Development	Children will be able to follow one step instructions.	Children will talk about how they are feeling, explore more emotions e.g. excited and pleased. Children will	Beginning to resolve and find ways to resolve conflicts. Follows and understands routine and	Starting to consider the feelings of others and the impact of their actions on others.	Beginning to show empathy, show an understanding of how others might feel in certain situations.	Shows control of impulses and waiting for something they want. Give focussed attention to a teacher
88	Children will recognise different emotions - happy, sad, upset etc Children will focus during short whole class activities (<5 minutes)	consider the feelings of others. Managing Self Children will identify some the classroom rules. They will	follows these. Managing Self Developing confidence in new situations. Demonstrating an	Managing Self Developing a positive self-image, Increased understanding of behaviour expectations and why	Managing Self Shows increased confidence and resilience, including supporting peers.	speaking and an activity. Managing Self Showing resilience and perseverance when faced with a challenge. Behaves
Children develop their personal, social and emotional skills throughout the year through circle times, social stories, diversity stories etc.	Managing Self Children will learn to wash their hands independently. Building Relationships	understand why we have rules e.g. we take turns so we are all included Building Relationships Children will begin to develop friendships with others in the	understanding of the classroom rules and expectations. Understands the importance of a healthy diet and good oral health. Building Relationships	these expectations are in place. Building Relationships Increasingly able to share, take turns and respond positively to other children.	Building Relationships Starting to understand the needs of the other children in the class and their own feelings.	appropriately in school and outside of school (trips/visits to church etc.) Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns. Showing sensitivity to their

Able to play with others in a group

more effectively.

own needs and those of others.

Children will seek support from

to peers and adults.

adults and gain confidence to speak

environment and outdoor play.

Physical Development	Self-Regulation: Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability. Managing Self: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. Building Relationships: Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. Gross Motor Children will be able to control a ball in different ways. Children will be able to control a ball in different ways. Children will be able to control a ball in different ways. Children will belance on a variety of Fine Motor Fine Motor Fine Motor Self-Regulation: the feacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability. Managing Self: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own ball in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own ball in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own ball in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own ball in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own ball in the face of challe						
hildren improve their gross and fine motor skills daily by engaging in different Funky Fingers activities (threading, cutting, weaving, playdough), mark making, construction, denough Discontinuous weiting Dayob Discontinuous weitinuous weiting Dayob Discontinuous weiting Dayob Discontinuous weitinuous weitin	equipment and climb. Fine Motor Makes simple marks and shapes using pencils, brushes and felt tips.	Children will use cutlery appropriately.	Adds more detail to objects or models created with increased control.	Fine Motor Adds details to drawings using a effective pencil grip. Uses scissors and paint brushes efficiently.	Fine Motor Using proper pencil grip for writing that is taking place.	movements. Fine Motor Using tripod grip with a range of tools, e.g. pencils, crayons, felt tips - shows care and growing accuracy when drawing.	
rawing, writing, Dough Disco, n Disco and Squiggle While You Wiggle.	Gross Motor: Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and othersDemonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playingMove energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Fine Motor: Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases; - Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; - Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.						
Fine Motor Development	Foundational Skills (Functional outcomes) - Moving around the classroom, being able to sit ready for writing, getting changed for PE, pre-writing readiness	Hand Skills (Functional outcomes) - Using pencil and scissors, starting to do fastenings and cutlery use.					
Literacy	Phonics - No nonsense (insert weeks/phase) Writing - To write our first name unsupported - Baseline - To write cvc words	Phonics - No nonsense (insert weeks/phase) Writing - To write cvc words with support - To write simple captions (with support) - To start forming letters correctly	Phonics - No nonsense (Book 2/start of book 3) Writing - To write cvc words independently - To write simple captions (with support) - To form some letters correctly	Phonics - No nonsense Writing - Writing simple captions independently - Beginning to use diagraphs correctly when writing Reading - Can make simple predictions about what might happen	Phonics - No nonsense Writing - Writes recognisable letters and words and reads back what has been written - Using finger spaces and full stops - Uses diagraphs when trying to write	Phonics - No nonsense Writing - To write simple sentences and phases that can be read by others - Use tripod grip in almost all cases - Correctly forming letters - Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing	
	Reading - Independently pick up a book, hold it correctly and turn the pages - Independently read cvc words or supported read cvc words. Comprehension - To repeat a familiar phrase from the text - To retell some elements of the story independently	Reading - Begin to read caption and sentences - To independently read cvc words - Comprehension - To repeat familiar phrases from the text - To retell more elements of the story independently	Reading - Read a short caption - Understand when a sentence or caption is complete (full stop) Comprehension - Answer questions about a book, using newly acquired vocab. - Shows an interest in reading by themselves	about what might happen next in stories - Continue to develop segmenting and blending skills to read sentences Comprehension - Asks questions about stories they have listened to	Reading - Beginning to read some common exception words - Developing fluent reading skills Comprehension - Can answer more complex questions about books and stories - Explain what has been read to them	the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s Reading - - Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. - Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. - Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words	

	- To use some new	- To use more vocabulary in	 Retell familiar stories using 			Comprehension	
Possible Book Focus'	vocabulary in discussion with the teacher and peers from the new text Focus Texts: Goldilocks and the Three Bears	discussion with the teacher and peers from the new text Focus Texts The Gingerbread Man	picture prompts Focus Texts: Elves and the Shoe Maker	Focus Texts: The Little Gardner	Focus Texts: 3 little pigs	- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play Focus Texts: Somebody Swallowed Stanley	
	Super Duper You Supported texts:	Leaf Man Supported texts: The Snowy Day	Supertato Supported texts:	Tadpole's Promise Supported texts:	The Marvellous Moon Map Supported texts:	The Snail and the Whale Supported texts:	
	Comprehension: Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories; Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play. Word Reading: Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs; Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending; Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. Writing: Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed; Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; Write simple phrases and sentences that can be ready by others.						
Mathematics Books		-	-	-	-		
Mathematics	Weeks 1-3 Baseline children - To match the same and compare different - To sort objects - To identify the odd one out - To make simple patterns - To know circles and triangles - To use positional language	 To represent, compare, compose and subitise 1,2 and 3. To count, represent and make 1-5. To make one more, one less To order numbers 1-3 (1-5) To combine shapes in patterns To develop use of positional language 	 Understand the concept of the number 0 Composition of the numbers 4 and 5 Use mathematical language for size, length and capacity Make numbers 6,7 and 8 on a 10's frame Composition of numbers 6,7 and 8 	 Compare numbers to 10 Can say number bonds to 10 Name and use mathematical language for shapes Order numbers from 0 to 10 Composition of the number 9 and 10 	 Number order from 10 to 20 Teen numbers on 10's frames Using language of first, then now and next Beginning to add and subtract 	 Add and subtract All number bonds to 5, some number bonds to 10 Knows odd and even numbers Count beyond 20 Use language of more and less 	
	 Subitise (recognise quantities without reference of the control of the c		number bonds up to 5 (including subtrac antity is greater than, less than or the s		O, including double facts.		

Festivals and Celebrations	Harvest Festival	Diwali Hannukah Christmas	Chinese New Year	Easter		Eid-ul Adha	
Understanding the World	Science To know how humans change and grow. To know some differences between myself and my friends. Geography To know where I belong in my school. To compare where we live in our immediate and local environment. History To know that I was once a baby but now I am a child. To know that I will be an adult in the future. To know that their grandparents and parents came before them. To explore family trees. RE Belonging: who are we and how do we belong?	Science To know that there are different seasons and how the weather and environment is changing. To know how to safely prepare and combine ingredients to bake. To know that some materials can dissolve and change in water. Geography To know that food comes from different places. History To know how our food has changed from when we were younger. To know how our bodies have changed since we were younger. To understand why we celebrate Bonfire Night RE What times are special and why?	Transport (History) What differences can you see from busses that were used in the past and the buses that you see and maybe use today? People who help us (Science) Chinese New Year (UTW/RE) They will use the language of 'same' and 'different' to compare their lived experiences to others.	Seasons (Science) To know about the features of Spring. To conduct learning walks and observe the changes in the school grounds from the change from winter to Spring. What is happening to the weather? Animals in Spring Baby animals in spring time - what changes occur from the babies through to being an adult animal. Easter (RE) Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Explore what Easter is and why and how it is celebrated. Easter Story	Science To understand that materials are different and test their different properties. To create different houses for the 3 Little Pigs from different materials. To investigate which materials float or sink. To create a vessel out of materials which can travel across a river. Geography To compare my house to houses around the world. To explore maps of different places (countryside and cities) and compare them. History To compare different types of boats from the past and the present. RE Which people are special and why?	Science To understand that we need to look after our environment. To take responsibility for school, home and immediate environment. To know that there are sea creatures in the ocean and compare their similarities and differences. Geography To create a barefoot-sensory journey around the school environment. To create a map when planning their journey, including obstacles to solve. To explore maps in different contexts and compare their purposes. History To compare how we use materials (such as plastic) now and what we used in the past. RE Our wonderful world: how can we care for living things and the earth?	
	Past and Present: Children will talk about themselves, how they have changed since they were babies using the language of 'past', 'now' and 'change'. They draw on photos, visitors, stories from books in the classroom and their own experience. People Culture and Communities: Children will be able to describe their home environment and the people who live within in. They will use the language of 'same' and 'different' to compare their lived experiences to others. They will use						

People Culture and Communities: Children will be able to describe their home environment and the people who live within in. They will use the language of 'same' and 'different' to compare their lived experiences to others. They will use books, visitors, the environment videos and their own lived experiences to know the different people who help us, including the differences between them. E.g. firefighters if there is a fire, a dentist for teeth, a nurse or doctor for injuries and health.

The Natural World: Explore the natural world around them, starting with their classroom, the outdoor areas and immediate school grounds. They will make observations, draw images of animals and plants. They will know some key differences and similarities in the environment and other contrasting environments. They will start to understand some of the important processes and changes including seasons and changing states (ice, water).

Expressive Arts and Design	To create a self-portrait with	Create seasonal images for autumn	Create a clearer representation of	Performs songs, rhymes, poems and	
	paints, paper plates and pencils.	and winter using natural and	creation with an identifiable	stories with friends and peers.	
		synthetic materials.	purpose or use.	Tries to move in time with the music	
. 1	To mix two paints to create			when appropriate	
-(6)	different colours.	To mix paints and water to create	Devises role plays with more		
- <u>'</u> (\omega) -		different colours.	sophistication. Uses role	Children can share then creations,	
LY:	To identify colours in the		play/puppets for retelling parts of	explaining the progress they have	
<u> </u>	environment	To identify colours for autumn and	stories that have been shared.	used - e.g how they have built	
		winter through experiences and		something in the construction area	
		observations.		and record this in pictures and	
				words. Use box modelling and	
				explain tools and methods used to	
				create object.	

Creating with Materials: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative: Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.